How The Internet Works

GenCyber Networking!

Objectives for today

- Compare Internet to a Post Office
 - Addresses of networks-> why they matter
- Learn how the internet works

- Cool educational takeaways:
 - Teach networking w/o a computer
 - Cool algorithms
 - Hands-on activity
 - Candy is also involved

Cables are tubes

- Carry out signals
 - Tomorrow we'll find out how fast
- Data sent over networks are broken into small pieces
 - These are called packets!
 - Tiny packages that carry data
- Packets have addresses to get from point A to point B
 - Started with MAC addresses
 - Where does the MAC address get us?



What's a MAC for?

What can we figure out?

What's it used for?

• a4:5e:6o:c9:78:7d

OUI Lookup

What kind of address = internet?

IP Addresses

- IP doesn't actually = internet
 - IP = "leave your network"
- A lot like a zip code!
- Why do you use a zip code?

IP's are Important!

- Without them, the internet won't work!
- Without zip codes, your mail won't get delivered!
- They look like this:
- 138.247.240.84

What makes the internet?

- Lots of networks, all connected together
- DSU's connects to three separate networks
- Your network at home connects to your Internet Provider's network

All of us end up on the same network... called what?

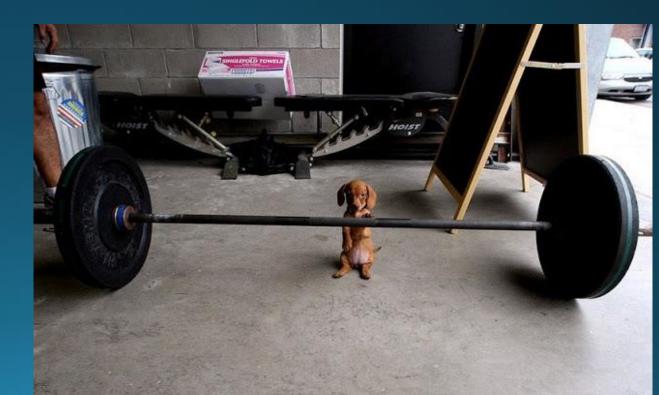




Routers do the work!

Routers are what connect networks

• Do you have a router at home?





How do routers work?

- Just like the post office!
- They look at the IP address
- If they know where it belongs, they send it there
- If they don't know, they send it somewhere else

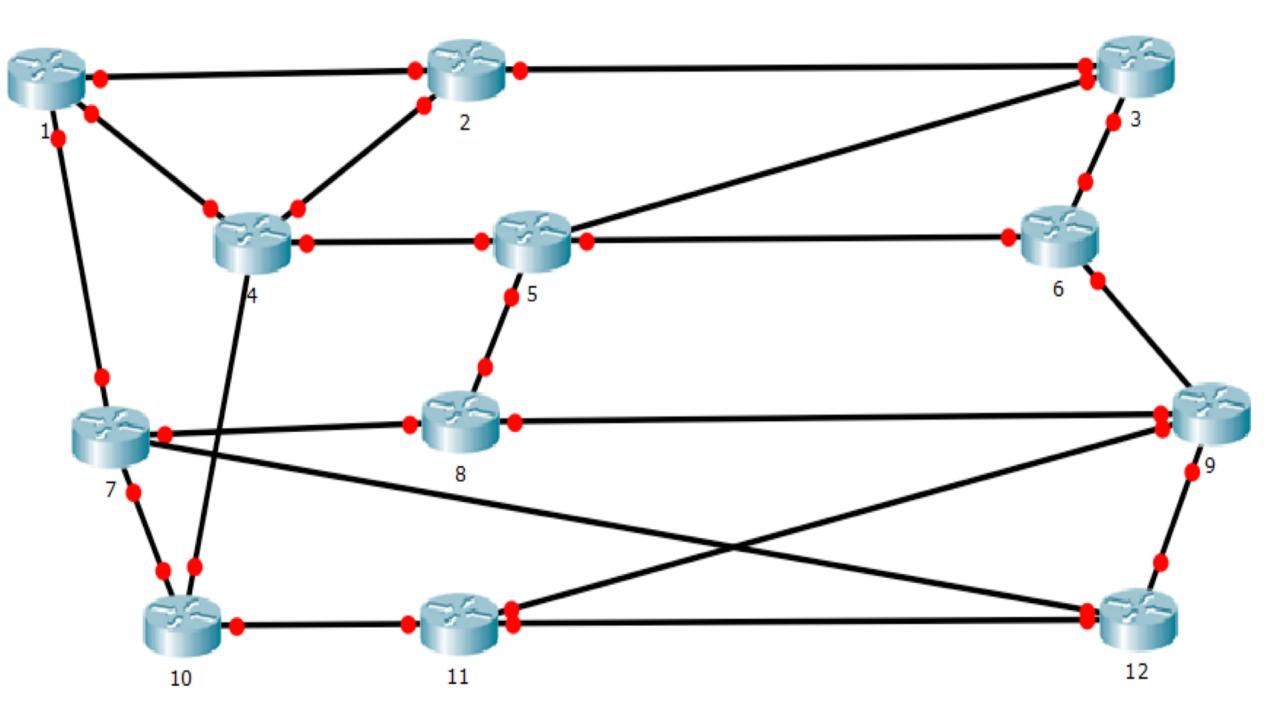
Let's build the internet!

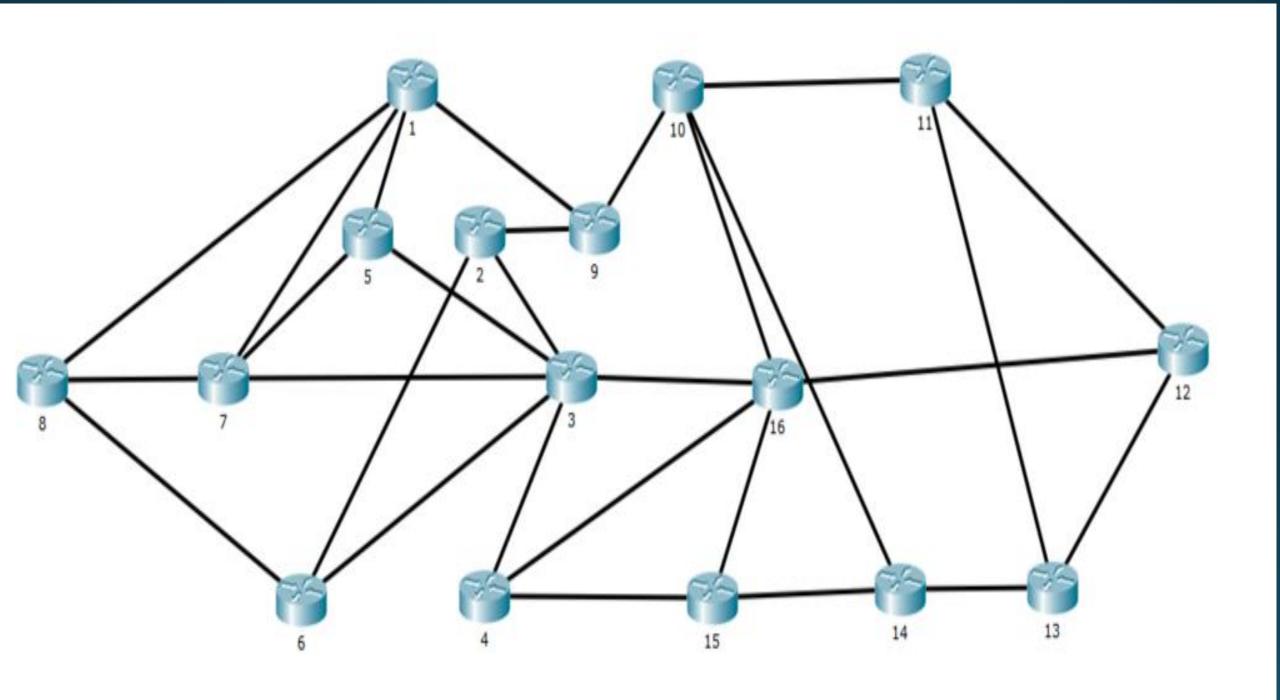
We'll assign IP addresses to everyone

• The string will be our cable

You will be a router!

Your job: Route your packets!





What can go wrong?

- Someone tampers?
- String breaks?
- Overwhelmed?
- Collisions?

Security Lessons!

- Layering!
- Encapsulation!
- Modularity!
- Abstraction!